

Simulation of Lattice Gauge Action from the Overlap Operator

- Gauge Field Tensor and Gauge Action from the Overlap Dirac Operator
- Monte Carlo Simulation of Lattice QCD

Lattice06, Tucson, July 24, 2006

Gauge Operators

- Gauge action usually constructed from the links
 - Plaquette – Wilson
 - Improved -- Iwasaki, Lüscher-Weisz, DBW2
 - Fixed Point Action – Hasenfratz-Niedermayer
- Gauge field tensor from
 - Clover leaf
 - Improvement
- Smearing of links (APE, HYP, Stout,...)

Topological Charge from the Overlap Dirac Operator

- Neuberger's overlap operator

$$D_{ov} = 1 + \varepsilon(H); \quad H = \gamma_5 D_W(m_0)$$

- Index theorem on the lattice (Hasenfratz, Laliena, Niedermayer, Lüscher)

$$\text{index } D_{ov} = \text{Tr} \gamma_5 \left(1 - \frac{a}{2} D_{ov}\right)$$

- Local version (Kikukawa & Yamada, Fujikawa, Suzuki, Adams)

$$q_L(x) = \text{tr} \gamma_5 \left(1 - \frac{a}{2} D_{ov}(x, x)\right) \xrightarrow{a \rightarrow 0} a^4 q(x) + O(a^6)$$

- Study of topological structure of the vacuum

- Sub-dimensional long range order of coherent charges (Horvath et al; Thacker talk)
- Negativity of the local topological charge correlator (Horvath et al)

Gauge-Fermion Connection

- Suppose O is gauge covariant, i.e.

$$O(gUg^{-1}) = gO(U)g^{-1}$$

then,

$$\text{tr}_c O(gUg^{-1})(x, x) = \text{tr}_c g(x)O(U)(x, x)g^{-1}(x) = \text{tr}_c O(U)(x, x)$$

is gauge invariant.

- Taking the continuum limit ($a \rightarrow 0$) (Horvath, hep-lat/0607031)

$$\text{tr}_{\text{cs}} \gamma_5 D_{ov}(x, x) \xrightarrow{a \rightarrow 0} a^4 F_{\mu\nu}^a \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu}^a + O(a^6)$$

$$\text{tr}_{\text{cs}} (D_{ov}(x, x) - D_{ov}^0(x, x)) \xrightarrow{a \rightarrow 0} a^4 F_{\mu\nu}^a F_{\mu\nu}^a + O(a^6)$$

- Furthermore, one can obtain gauge covariant operators, e.g.

$$\text{tr}_s \sigma_{\mu\nu} D_{ov}(x, x) \xrightarrow{a \rightarrow 0} a^2 F_{\mu\nu} + O(a^4)$$

- Following Suzuki, we obtain the following result

$$\text{tr}_s \sigma_{\mu\nu} a D_{ov}(x, x) \xrightarrow{a \rightarrow 0} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{d^4 k}{(2\pi)^4} \frac{-2}{(Z^+ Z)^{3/2}} \left[(m+r \sum_{\lambda} (c_{\lambda} - 1)) c_{\mu} c_{\nu} + 2r c_{\mu} s_{\nu}^2 \right] a^2 F_{\mu\nu} + O(a^4)$$

where,

$$c_{\mu} = \cos k_{\mu}, \quad s_{\mu} = \sin k_{\mu}, \quad Z^+ Z = \sum_{\nu} s_{\nu}^2 + \left[m + \sum_{\lambda} (c_{\lambda} - 1) \right]^2$$

$$r = 1, \quad m_0 = 1.368, \quad c = -0.08156$$

Liu, Alexandru, Horvath; Alexandru, Horvath, Liu

Lattice QCD Action

■ Gauge action:

$$\triangleright \text{tr}_{\text{cs}} (D_{ov}(x, x) - D_{ov}^0(x, x)) \xrightarrow{a \rightarrow 0} a^4 F_{\mu\nu}^a F_{\mu\nu}^a(x) + O(a^6);$$

$$S_g = \frac{1}{2cg^2} \text{Tr}(D_{ov} - D_{ov}^0)$$

$\triangleright \gamma_5$ hermicity and G - W relation

$$S_g = \frac{1}{2cg^2} \text{Tr} D_{ov} = \frac{1}{4cg^2} \text{Tr}(D_{ov} + D_{ov}^+) = \frac{1}{4cg^2} \text{Tr}(D_{ov}^+ D_{ov})$$

□ Partition function

$$Z = \int DUD \bar{\psi} D \psi e^{\frac{-1}{4cg^2} \text{Tr} D_{ov}^+ D_{ov} + \sum_{f=1}^{N_f} \bar{\psi}_f D_{ov}(m_f) \psi_f}$$

MC Simulation

■ Auxiliary fermion:

$$Z = \int DUD\bar{\psi}_f D\psi_f D\bar{\psi}_g D\psi_g e^{\bar{\psi}_g (e^{\frac{-1}{4cg^2} D_{ov}^+ D_{ov}}) \psi_g + \sum_{f=1}^{N_f} \bar{\psi}_f D_{ov}(m) \psi_f}$$

$$Z = \int DU \det e^{\frac{-1}{4cg^2} D_{ov}^+ D_{ov}} \prod_{f=1}^{N_f} \det D_{ov}(m_f)$$

■ Pseudofermions:

$$Z = \int DU d\phi_f^* d\phi_f e^{-\sum_{f=1}^{N_f} \phi_f^* \frac{1}{4cN_f g^2} D_{ov}^+ D_{ov} \phi_f}$$

MC Simulation

- Two examples with HMC algorithm:

- Polynomial approximation: normality $[D_{ov}, D_{ov}^+] = 0$

$$\phi_f^* e^{\frac{D_{ov}^+ D_{ov}}{4cN_f g^2}} D_{ov}^{-1} (m_f) \phi_f = \phi_f^* e^{\frac{D_{ov}^+ D_{ov}}{8cN_f g^2}} D_{ov}^{-1} e^{\frac{D_{ov}^+ D_{ov}}{8cN_f g^2}} (m_f) \phi_f$$

Chebyshev polynomials

$$e^{\frac{D_{ov}^+ D_{ov}}{8cN_f g^2}} \approx \sum_{i=1}^M c_i (D_{ov}^+ D_{ov})^i; \quad e^x = (e^{x/N})^N$$

MC Simulation

➤ Rational Polynomial approximation:

❖ two flavors

$$\phi^* e^{\frac{1}{6cg^2} D_{ov}^+ D_{ov}} (D_{ov}^+ D_{ov}(m))^{-1} \phi \approx \phi^* \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{a_i}{D_{ov}^+ D_{ov} + b_i} \phi,$$

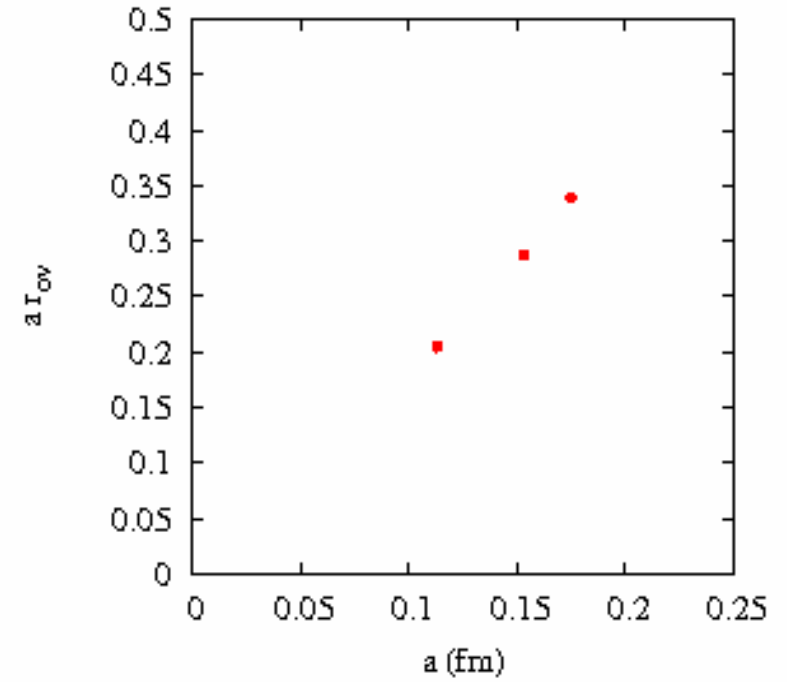
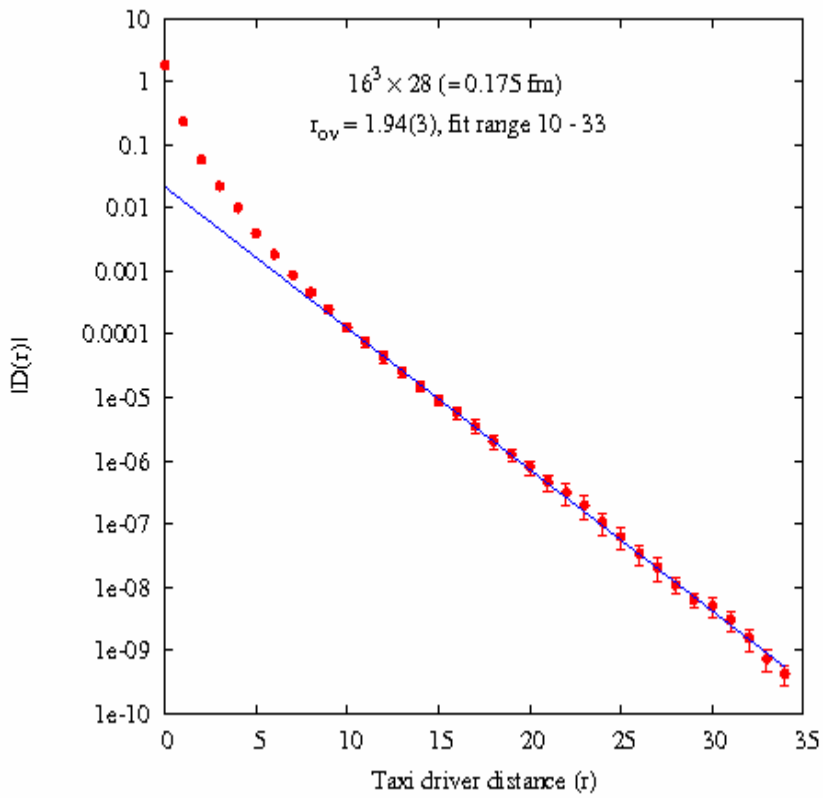
❖ one flavor

$$\phi^* e^{\frac{1}{12cg^2} D_{ov}^+ D_{ov}} (D_{ov}^+ D_{ov}(m))^{-1/2} \phi \approx \phi^* \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{c_i}{D_{ov}^+ D_{ov} + d_i} \phi,$$

Remarks

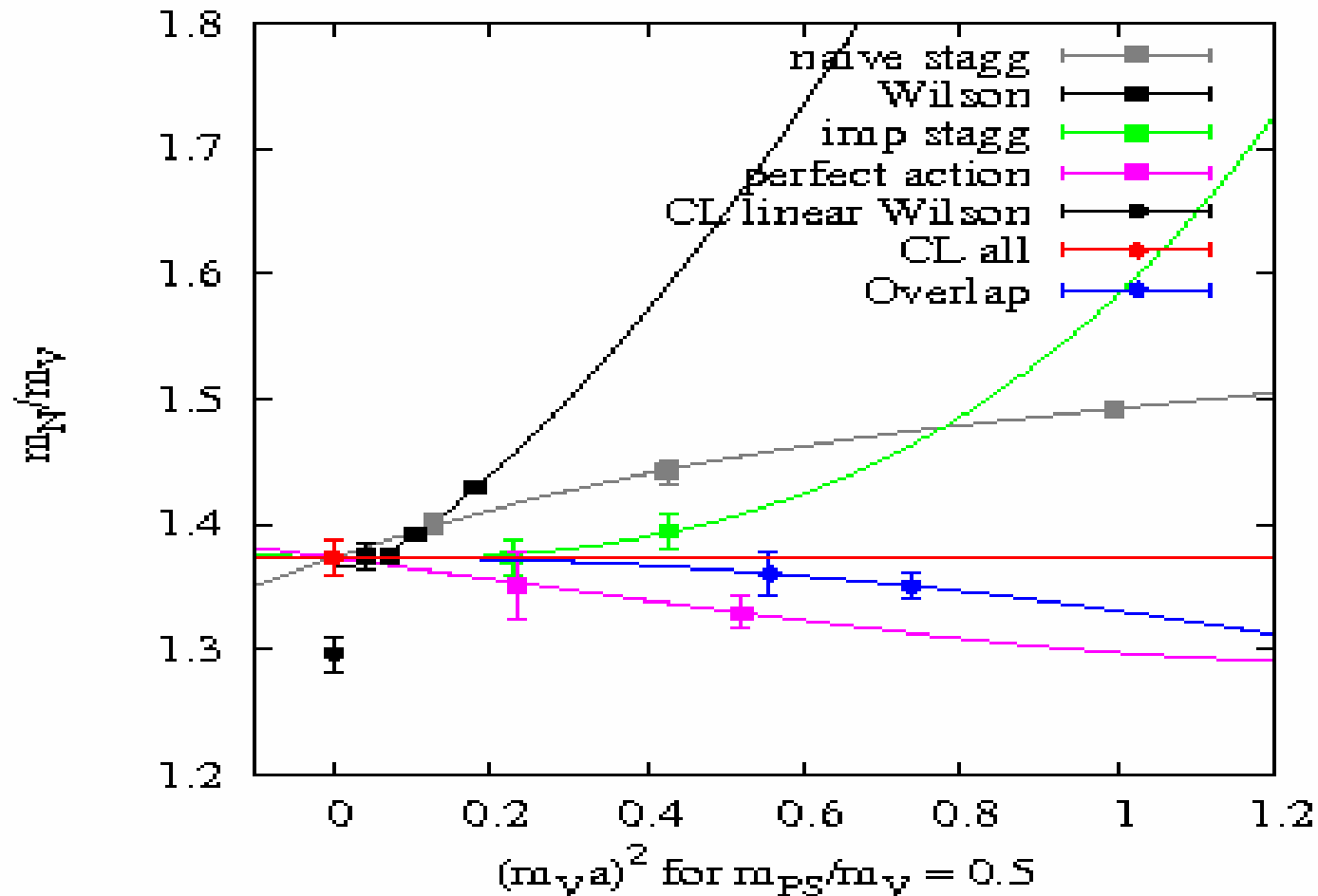
- Gauge action and fermion action based on the same overlap operator with the same pseudofermion approximation.
- Gauge action is not ultra-local (chiral smearing).
- Scaling and locality of overlap operator.
- Reflection positivity (negativity of local topological charge correlator)

$$\langle q(x)q(0) \rangle_{|x| \neq 0} \leq 0$$

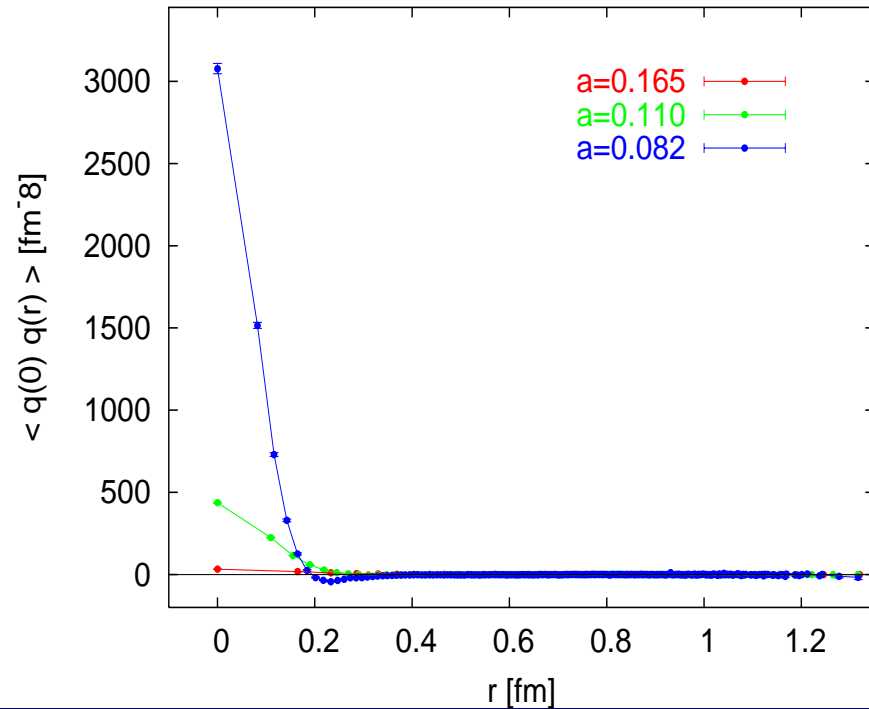


T. Draper et al. (χ collaboration, hep-lat/0510075)

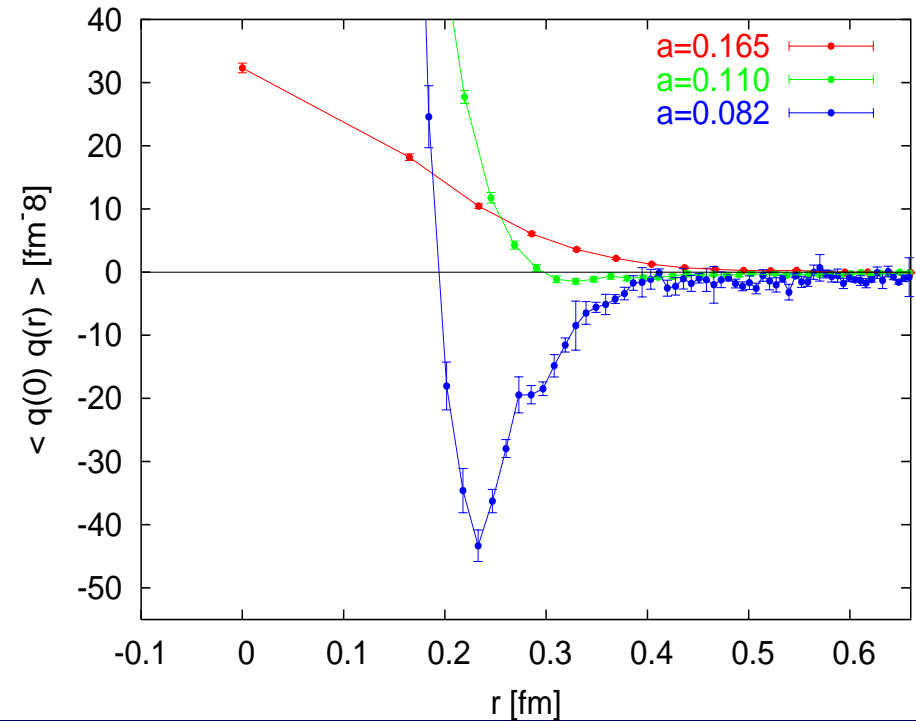
quenched comparison



Euclidian-distance correlators



Euclidian-distance correlators



I. Horvath et al., PL B617, 49 (2005) [hep-lat/0504005]