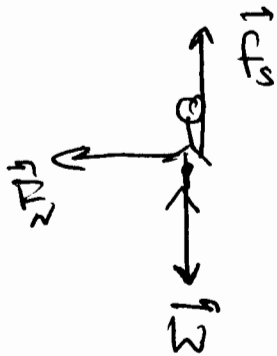


PROB

A.



$\vec{F}_c$  IS DIRECTED TOWARD CENTER OF CIRCLE AND ITS SOURCE IS  $\vec{F}_N$ .

THE FRICTIONAL FORCE  $\vec{f}_s$

B.  $8.0 \text{ rad/s}$  CORRESPONDS TO

$$8.0 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}} \times \frac{1 \text{ REV}}{2\pi \text{ rad}} = 1.27 \text{ REV/s}$$

$$v = \frac{2\pi R}{T} = \frac{(2\pi)(15\text{m})}{\text{REV}} \left( \frac{1.27 \text{ REV}}{\text{s}} \right) = 120 \text{ m/s}$$

$$F_c = \frac{mv^2}{r} = \frac{(58\text{kg})(120\text{m/s})^2}{(15\text{m})}$$

$$F_c = 5.57 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$$

C.

$$W = mg = (58\text{kg})(9.8\text{m/s}^2) = 568 \text{ N}$$

$$f_s = \mu_s F_N = \mu_s F_c = \mu_s (5.57 \times 10^4 \text{ N})$$

$$\text{AND } W = f_s$$

$$\therefore \mu_s = \frac{mg}{F_N} = \frac{568 \text{ N}}{5.57 \times 10^4 \text{ N}}$$

$$\mu_s = 0.0102$$