

1	8.9
2	4.4
3	12
4	15.9
→ 41.2	

- Key -

B Average

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Discussion Instructor: Battalino Bruno DeSisto Gehrke Izatt

Roshko Sawyer Shastry

# Scores 153  
Average 8.92  
St. dev. 3.98

PROBLEM 1B

1. (a) Find the value of  $g$  3000 miles above the moon's surface (ignore the earth.)  $9.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m/sec}^2$

2. (b) Find the angular momentum of the earth rotating on its axis.  $7.0 \times 10^{33} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{sec}$   
(-) sign signifies attractive force.

3. (c) Find the force between an electron and a proton  $0.5 \times 10^{10} \text{ m}$  apart.  $9.0 \times 10^{-17} \text{ N}$

4. (d) Find the value of  $g$  500 miles from the center of the moon.  $0.75 \text{ m/sec}^2$

5. (e) Find the electric field 20.0 m away from a metal sphere which has a charge

of  $3.0 \times 10^{10} \text{ C}$ .  $6.8 \times 10^{14} \text{ N/C}$

$$g_{\text{surface}} = \frac{Gm}{r^2} \quad g_{\text{at } h} = \frac{Gm}{R^2}$$

$$g(\text{at } r) = \frac{g_{\text{surface}} r_m^2}{r^2} = \frac{1.5 (1000)^4}{(3000-1000)^2}$$

$$L = I\omega = \frac{2}{5} (6 \times 10^{24}) [(4000)(5200)(0.3)]^2 \cdot 2\pi / 24(60)(60)$$

$$= 7.0 \times 10^{33} \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{sec}} = \text{N} \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{sec}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \cdot \frac{q \cdot q_0}{r^2} = \frac{-9 \times 10^9 (1.6 \times 10^{-19})^2}{(0.5 \times 10^{-10})^2} = -9.2 \times 10^{-48} \text{ N}$$

$$g = \frac{Gm}{r^2} = \frac{G M_{\text{moon}}}{r^2} = \frac{4.6 \times 10^{22}}{3^2} = \frac{G_{\text{surface}} r}{R} = \frac{1.5}{4} \frac{1000}{6000} = \frac{1.5(1000)}{4 \cdot 6000} = 0.75$$

$$E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r^2} = \frac{9 \times 10^9 (3 \times 10^{10})}{20^2} = 6.75 \times 10^{16} \text{ N/C}$$