

Name (print) _____ Name (signed) _____

Discussion Instructor (circle): Brown Chakkbazian Condella Portnoi Zhukov

Discussion Section # _____

SHOW ALL WORK!!!!**REPORT ALL NUMBERS TO THREE SIGNIFICANT FIGURES!**

Use the conversion constants and data given on the front page.

A sphere of non-conductor has a volume charge density give by $\rho = A/R^2$, for $R < R_0$, where R_0 is the radius of the sphere.

- (a) Calculate the electric field at a point $R = R_A$, where $R_A < R_0$ (inside the sphere).
 (b) Calculate the magnitude of the electric potential difference between the surface of the sphere and an arbitrary point in the interior that is a distance R_B from the center.
 (c) Evaluate the constant A in terms of the total charge on the sphere.



$$\oint E dA = \frac{Q_{in}}{\epsilon_0} = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \int_0^R \frac{A}{R^2} dv = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} \int_0^R \frac{A}{R^2} 4\pi r^2 dr$$

$$E \cdot 4\pi R^2 = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} A \cdot 4\pi R$$



$$E = \frac{A}{\epsilon_0 R}$$

$$V_A - V_B = - \int_{R_B}^{R_A} E(r) dr = - \int_{R_B}^{R_A} \frac{A}{\epsilon_0 R} dr = - \frac{A}{\epsilon_0} \left[\ln R \right]_{R_B}^{R_A} = - \frac{A}{\epsilon_0} \ln \frac{R_A}{R_B}$$

+10

$$V_A < V_B$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{A}{\epsilon_0} \ln \frac{R_A}{R_B} > 0$$

$$Q = \int_0^{R_0} \frac{A}{R^2} dv = \int_0^{R_0} \frac{A}{R^2} 4\pi R^2 dR = 4\pi A R_0$$

+5

$$A = \frac{Q}{4\pi R_0}$$