

Name (Print) Kao

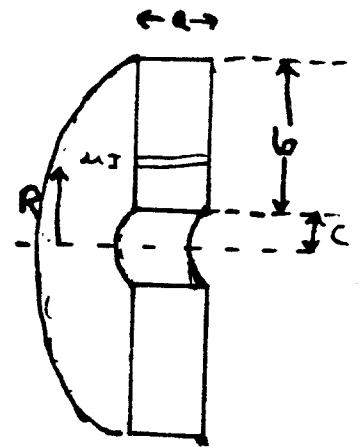
Name (Sign) AVE = 9.2

Discussion Instructor (CIRCLE ONE): Crelly Kao Luty McDonald Pollard

Discussion Section #: _____ Saffer Schweizer Smith

SHOW ALL WORK!! Report all numbers to three significant figures!
Use the conversion constants and data given on the front page.

- 15 (a) Given a rectangular toroid with the cross section shown, and N turns of wire, calculate its inductance. $\leftarrow 12$
- (b) If $N = 360$, $a = 2.75$ cm, $b = 7.25$ cm, and $c = 1.25$ cm, calculate the numerical value for the inductance. $\leftarrow 3$
- 15 (c) When the current is 1.65 A, calculate the magnetic energy stored between $R = 1.25$ cm and $R = 4.85$ cm.



a. $B = \frac{\mu_0 I N}{2\pi r}$

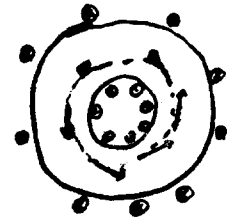
$\Phi_T = N \int_c^{c+b} \frac{\mu_0 I N}{2\pi r} a dr$

$= \frac{\mu_0 I N^2 a}{2\pi} \ln \left| \frac{b+c}{c} \right|$

$\mathcal{E} = - \frac{d\Phi_T}{dt} = -L \frac{dI}{dt}$

$= - \frac{\mu_0 N^2 a}{2\pi} \ln \left| \frac{b+c}{c} \right| \frac{dI}{dt}$

$L = \frac{\mu_0 N^2 a}{2\pi} \ln \left| \frac{b+c}{c} \right|$



$\int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{e} = \mu_0 N I$

$B 2\pi r = \mu_0 N I$

$B = \frac{\mu_0 N I}{2\pi r}$

3 b. $L = \boxed{1.37 \times 10^{-3} \text{ H}}$

15 c. $\mu_B = \frac{1}{2\mu_0} B^2$ (energy density)

$U = \int \mu_B dv$ $dv = 2\pi r a dr$

$= \int_R^{R+c} \frac{\mu_0 I^2 N^2 a}{4\pi r} dr$

$= \frac{\mu_0 I^2 N^2 a}{4\pi} \ln \left| \frac{R+c}{R} \right| = \boxed{1.31 \times 10^{-3} \text{ J}}$