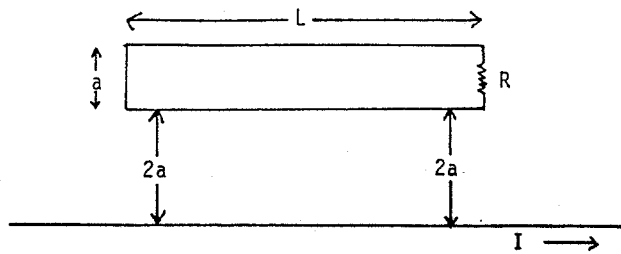


- 25 pts. 7. Given a long, straight wire carrying current to the right as shown. A rectangular loop of wire is placed near the wire as shown. If the current in the wire is given by $I = I_0 \sin \omega t$, find an expression for the voltage across the resistor R as a function of time.



Physics 1/2

Winter Quarter 1982

GRADER: _____ FINAL EXAM Mean: 7.7

Name (Print) Rino

Name (Sign) _____

S.S. No. _____

Discussion Instructor: Abbott Allen

Brumbaugh Bruno Ho Gehrke

Kaipa Rino B. Wheeler Sewell

Problem No.

7

BE SURE TO SHOW ALL WORK!

The magnetic field at a distance r from the long straight wire is:

$$B(r, t) = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} = \frac{\mu_0 I_0 \sin \omega t}{2\pi r} \quad (5 \text{ points})$$

The magnetic flux through the rectangular loop is:

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi_B(t) &= \int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{S} = \int B \cdot dS \\ &= \int_{2a}^{3a} \left(\frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \right) (L dr) \quad (dS = L dr) \\ &= \frac{\mu_0 I_0 \sin \omega t}{2\pi} L \left[\ln r \Big|_{2a}^{3a} \right] \\ &= \frac{\mu_0 I_0 L \ln(3/2)}{2\pi} \sin \omega t \quad (13 \text{ points}) \end{aligned}$$

$$V_R(t) = \mathcal{E}(t) = - \frac{d\Phi_B}{dt} = - \frac{\mu_0 I_0 L \ln(3/2)}{2\pi} \omega \cos \omega t$$

(7 points)